



MEDIUM & HIGH ALLOY SPLIT HELICAL SPRING LOCK WASHERS

Nominal Washer Size		A		B	$\frac{(T+t)}{2}$	W
		Inside Diameter		Outside Diameter	Mean Section Thickness	Section Width
		Max	Min	Max	Min	Min
2	0.086	0.094	0.088	0.172	0.020	0.035
4	0.112	0.120	0.114	0.209	0.025	0.040
5	0.125	0.133	0.127	0.236	0.031	0.047
6	0.138	0.148	0.141	0.250	0.031	0.047
8	0.164	0.174	0.167	0.293	0.040	0.055
10	0.190	0.200	0.193	0.334	0.047	0.062
12	0.216	0.227	0.220	0.377	0.056	0.070
1/4	0.250	0.260	0.252	0.487	0.062	0.109
5/16	0.312	0.322	0.314	0.583	0.078	0.125
3/8	0.375	0.385	0.377	0.680	0.094	0.141
7/16	0.438	0.450	0.440	0.776	0.109	0.156
1/2	0.500	0.512	0.502	0.869	0.125	0.171
9/16	0.562	0.574	0.564	0.965	0.141	0.188
5/8	0.625	0.641	0.628	1.073	0.156	0.203
3/4	0.750	0.766	0.753	1.265	0.188	0.234
7/8	0.875	0.894	0.878	1.459	0.219	0.266
1	1.000	1.024	1.003	1.656	0.250	0.297
1-1/8	1.125	1.153	1.129	1.847	0.281	0.328
1-1/4	1.250	1.280	1.254	2.036	0.312	0.359
1-1/2	1.500	1.534	1.504	2.419	0.375	0.422

Description	Regular: A coiled, hardened, split circular washer with a slightly trapezoidal wire section. High-Alloy: Dimensionally identical to a regular split lock washer but made from 4037 alloy steel. Stainless: A regular split lock washer made from austenitic stainless steel.
Applications/Advantages	Regular: (A) Applies greater bolt tension per unit of applied torque; (B) Provides a hardened bearing surface, creating more uniform torque control; (C) Provides more uniform load distribution; (D) Resists loosening caused by vibration and corrosion; (E) Is preferred lockwasher for use with hardened bearing surfaces. High-Alloy: Designed for use with Grade-5 & Grade-8 bolts and nuts. Stainless: For use with stainless nuts and screws of a similar stainless alloy in corrosive environments.
Material	Regular: SAE 1055 - 1065 carbon steel. High-Alloy: 4037 alloy steel. 18-8 Stainless: SAE 302 - 305 stainless steel. 316 Stainless: SAE 316 stainless steel.
Hardness	Regular & High-Alloy: Rockwell C38 - 46 Stainless: Rockwell C35 - 43.
Twist Test	With the washer in a vice with the split ends free and straight above the vice jaws, a 90° segment of the free end is gripped with a wrench and bent. Washers are to withstand being twisted through a 90° angle without signs of fracture. When the washer ultimately fractures beyond the prescribed 90° limit, the structure at the breaking point shall show a fine grain.
Plating	See Appendix-A for information about the plating of carbon steel and alloy steel lock washers.